Project Title	Funding	Strategic Plan Objective	Institution	
Altered placental tryptophan metabolism: A crucial molecular pathway for the fetal programming of neurodevelopmental disorders	\$0	Q2.S.A	University of Southern California	
Anti-GAD antibodies in autism	\$9,650	Q2.S.A	Hartwick College	
Antigenic Specificity and Neurological Effects of Monoclonal Anti-brain Antibodies Isolated from Mothers of a Child with Autism Spectrum Disorder: Toward Protection Studies	\$0	Q2.S.A The Feinstein Institute for Medical Research		
Anti-Neuronal Autoantibodies against Bacterial Polysaccharides in Autism Spectrum Disorders	\$100,000	Q2.S.A	University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center	
Anti-Neuronal Autoantibodies in PANDAS and Autism Spectrum Disorders	\$0	Q2.S.A	University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center	
ASD - Inflammatory Subtype: Molecular Mechanisms	\$0	Q2.S.A	Rutgers University	
Autoimmunity Against Novel Antigens in Neuropsychiatric Dysfunction	\$320,000	Q2.S.A	UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA	
Bone marrow transplantation and the role of microglia in autism	\$172,031	Q2.S.A	University of Virginia	
Fever, meningeal immunity and immune factors in autism	\$0	Q2.S.A	University of Virginia	
Folate receptor autoimmunity in Autism Spectrum Disorders	\$149,656	Q2.S.A	State University of New York, Downstate Medical Center	
GABRB3 and Placental Vulnerability in ASD	\$582,482	Q2.S.A	Stanford University	
IL-1beta and IL1RAPL1: Gene-environment interactions regulating synapse density and function in ASD	\$0	Q2.S.A	University of California, Davis	
Immune p38-alpha MAPK activation: Convergent mechanism linking autism models	\$105,403	Q2.S.A	Florida Atlantic University	
Immune signaling in the developing brain in mouse models of ASD	\$100,000	Q2.S.A	University of California, Davis	
Infection, fever and immune signatures in an autism birth cohort	\$788,507	Q2.S.A	Columbia University	
MATERNAL BRAIN-REACTIVE ANTIBODIES AND AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER	\$0	Q2.S.A	Feinstein Institute for Medical Research	
Mechanisms of mitochondrial dysfunction in autism	\$0	Q2.S.A	Georgia State University	
Mechanisms of synaptic alterations in a neuroinflammation model of autism	\$0	Q2.S.A	University of Nebraska	
MIG-6 tumor suppressor gene protein and ERK 1 and 2 and their association with EGF and EGFR in autistic children	\$7,040	Q2.S.A	Hartwick College	
Mitochondrial dysfunction due to aberrant mTOR- regulated mitophagy in autism	\$183,568	Q2.S.A	Columbia University	
Neuroimmunologic Investigations of Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD)	\$165,516	Q2.S.F	National Institutes of Health	
PET/MRI investigation of neuroinflammation in autism spectrum disorders	\$51,400	Q2.S.A	Massachusetts General Hospital	

Project Title	Funding	Strategic Plan Objective	Institution
Project 3: Immune Environment Interaction and Neurodevelopment	\$107,727	Q2.S.A University of California, Davis	
Prostaglandins and Cerebellum Development	\$371,250	Q2.S.A	University of Maryland
Role of microglia and complement at developing synapses in ASD	\$62,500	Q2.S.A	Boston Children's Hospital
Roles of pro-inflammatory Th17 cells in autism	\$249,872	Q2.S.A	New York University
Synergy between genetic risk and placental vulnerability to immune events	\$125,306	Q2.S.A	Stanford University
The effect of maternal obesity and inflammation on neuronal and microglial functi	\$78,250	Q2.S.A	MAYO CLINIC JACKSONVILLE
The mechanism of the maternal infection risk factor for autism	\$150,000	Q2.S.A	California Institute of Technology
The role of brainstem NTS inflammation and oxidative stress in Autism	\$0	Q2.S.A	Wadsworth Center